1011102221011126439

Course (compulsory, elective)

elective

3

1/2

Year /Semester

No. of credits

Name of the module/subject

Elective path/specialty

15

Field of study

Cycle of study:

No. of hours

Lecture:

Occupational Health and Safety (OHS)

Safety Engineering - Full-time studies - Second-

Second-cycle studies

Classes:

**Work Safety Management** 

**15** Laboratory:

Status of	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from a	nother field)		
		(brak)	(brak)		
Education	on areas and fields of sci	ence and art	ECTS distribution (number and %)		
Resp	onsible for subj	ect / lecturer:	1		
ema tel Fac	nż. Małgorzata Wejma nil: malgorzata.wejmar +48 61 665 3406 ulty of Engineering Ma trzelecka 11 60-965 I	n@put.poznan.pl anagement			
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills and social competen	cies:		
1	Knowledge	The student has knowledge of ergonomics in technology, ecology, basics of diagnosing and ergonomic design as well as occupational.			
2	Skills	The students can interpret relationships occurring in the system of human-technical object, organize work that causes minimal workload ensures security.			
3	Social competencies	The student is aware of the social role of a technical coll to apply occupational safety principles.	ege graduate, and of predispositions		
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:			
work of	n human health. Teac gn. The knowledge an	letailed knowledge of the theoretical and practical problem hing how to prevent the negative consequences of excess d skills should enable students to independently implement an body and to ensure health.	sive workload. The use of acquired skills		
	Study outco	mes and reference to the educational resul	ts for a field of study		
Know	/ledge:				
1. Kno	ws an in-depth charac	terization of dependencies within a given discipline [[K2	2A_W02]]		
2. Kno	ws the detailed depen	dencies within the scope of a given discipline [[K2A_W	05]]		
		epts for the discipline [[K2A_W08]]			
4. Kno	ws the historical devel	opment of the discipline [[K2A_W12]]			
		within the discipline [[K2A_W13]]			
		tional health and safety [[K2A_W21]]			
Skills	S:				
1. Has	self-study ability and	comprehends it - [[K2A_U5]]			
2. Student can apply information-communicative techniques to deal with tasks that are typical of engineering activity					

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Profile of study

Subject offered in:

Form of study (full-time,part-time)

Project/seminars:

(brak)

(general academic, practical)

**Polish** 

full-time

[[K2A\_U7]]

Social competencies:

3. Has got the preparation that is indispensable to be able to work in an industrial environment and also knows safety rules

4. Student can, according to a given specification, design and operate simple equipment, object, system or a process, typical for Safety Engineering, wile using appropriate methods, techniques and tools, as well as solve complex engineering tasks, characteristic of Safety Engineering (including some uncommon ones which possess research component). - [[K2A\_U18]]

connected with a given work along with the ability to impose their use in practice. - [[K2A\_U13]]

## **Faculty of Engineering Management**

- 1. Understands the need and knows means how to self-study (first, second and third cycle studies, postgraduate studies, qualification courses)- improving professional, personal and social competence; can argument the need to learn for the whole life. [[K2A\_K1]]
- 2. Student is fully aware of the responsibility that he has taken for his own work and expresses readiness to comply with the rules of team work as well as responsibility for mutually realized and completed tasks. [[K2A\_K3]]
- 3. Can determine some causal relationships in the process of targets implementation and rank pertinence of alternative or competitive tasks. [[K2A\_K4]]

# Assessment methods of study outcomes

-Oral and written exam; evaluation of written assignments presented during classes.

## **Course description**

- The historical development of occupational health.
- Possibilities of human psycho-physical, chemical and biological occupational environment.
- -The tolerance limits of the human body: hygienic evaluation of working conditions, occupational diseases and related to his profession.
- Risk factors in the work environment, somatic and psychological reactions of the human body to these risks.
- Fatigue and rest.
- Physiological principles for the organization of shift work.
- Working conditions of women and the elderly.
- Technical and organizational development of the welfare conditions.
- Standards for determining allowable changes in the work environment, ie those that allow the functional balance of the human body.
- The law concerning the health protection of the working man.

#### Basic bibliography:

- 1. Koradecka D., (red), Bezpieczeństwo pracy i ergonomia (Occupational safety and ergonomics), Wyd. CIOP, Warszawa 1999
- 2. Wejman M., Higiena pracy (Work hygiene), Wyd.Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań 2012

#### Additional bibliography:

1. Norms, standards, regulations specified by the lecturer.

### Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in lectures	15
2. Participation in classes	15
3. Preparation for classes and report preparation	30
4. Preparation for oral and written exam	15
5. Review of exam results	4

# Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	79	2
Contact hours	34	1
Practical activities	15	1